

# CX PNEUMATIC CALIPERS

## AIR APPLIED / SPRING APPLIED

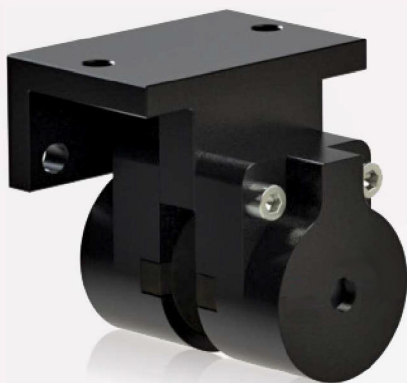


Combiflex calipers are particularly adapted for applications with low or medium braking force or for stop-brakes.

The special characteristic of this system is its modular conception: one or more calipers can be installed on brake discs with different dimensions obtaining the perfect solution for every requirement.

Also, each caliper can be activated or deactivated on the basis of the required torque, giving maximum flexibility when using different kind of materials.

The same calipers are available in the spring-applied version (4,5 bar or 6 bar) for stop-braking.



## CX-NANO CALIPER

CX-NANO pneumatic caliper, which is the miniature of the CX caliper, is the new solution for applications where considerable braking torques in reduced spaces are needed. It is available for different thickness discs: 6, 8 or 12,5 mm; simply selecting the right bracket during the order.

## REDUCED TORQUE

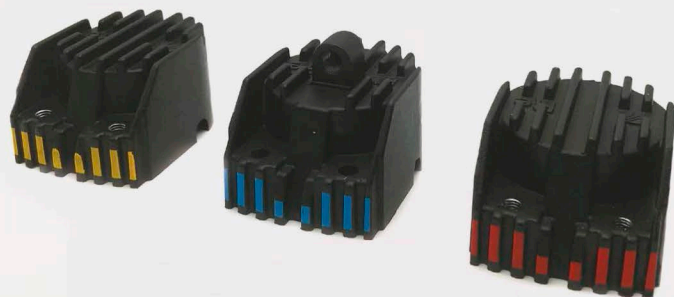
The Combiflex calipers with reduced torque have been designed for applications which require highest sensibility in terms of braking, where the required torque is very low. These calipers are adapted for very light materials as TNT, thin paper, plastic film or for narrow webs.

We manufacture four different types of reduced torque calipers with different braking force: standard CX at 10% 16% and 40%, CX-NANO at 30%.

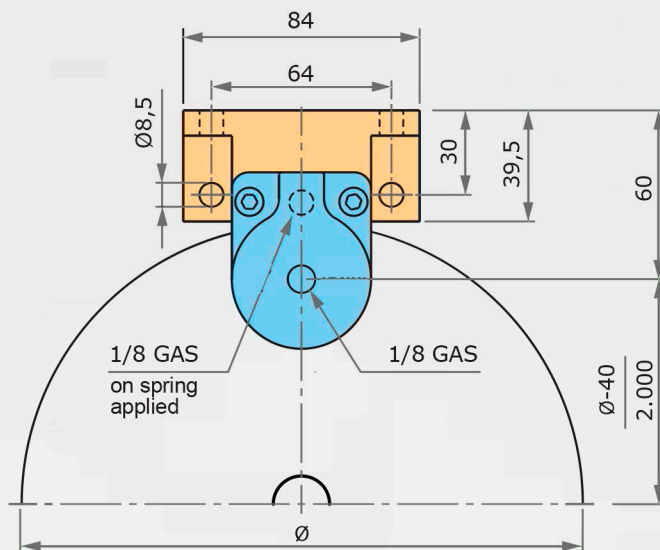
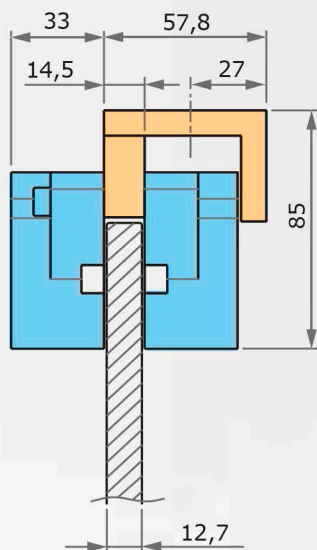
The percentage value indicates the braking force in comparison with the standard caliper.

Warning: consider a torque value of 30% less than the nominal one, in applications such as stop braking or low torque. Torque values are intended at optimum conditions of the pads.

Look at last page to calculate the braking force on different disc dimensions

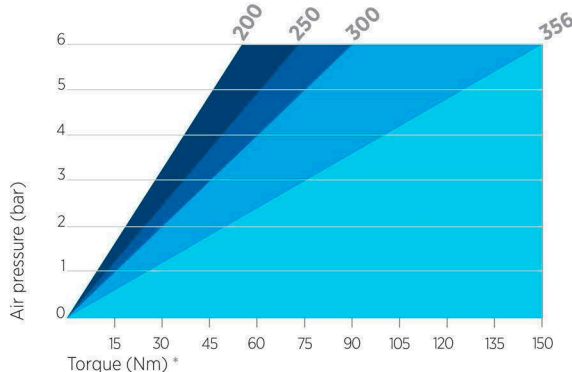


# CX NANO PNEUMATIC CALIPER - AIR APPLIED/SPRING APPLIED

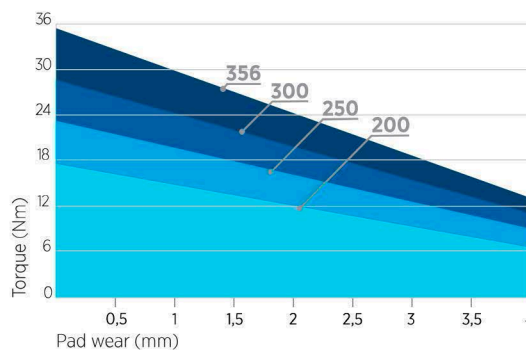


Model	Pad center (Mp)	Weight	Tangential force at 6 bar (F)	Max pressure
<b>CX-NANO air applied</b>	40 mm	0,55 kg	690 N	6 bar
<b>CX-NANO spring applied</b>	40 mm	0,55 kg	220 N	6 bar

**CX-NANO air applied**



**CX-NANO spring applied**



Disc diameter (mm)

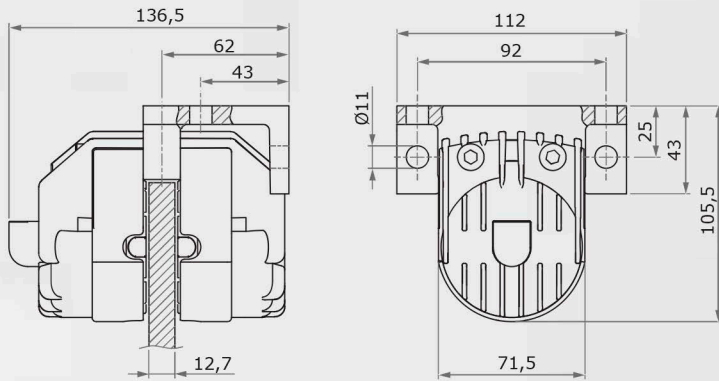
\*Braking torque during dynamic slipping (Nm)

Warning: consider a torque value less than the nominal one of 30% for the air applied and 50% for the spring applied, in applications such as stop braking or low torque. Torque values are intended at optimum conditions of the pads.

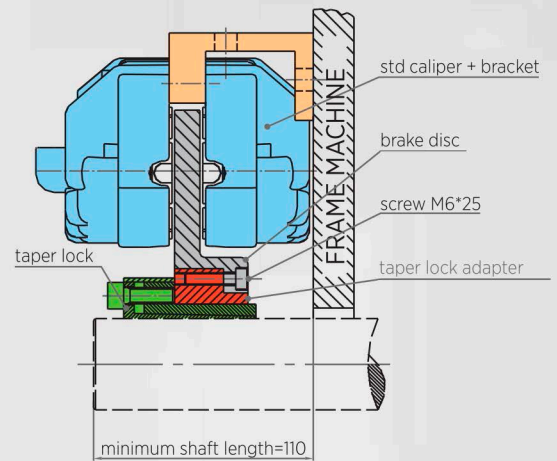
Look at last page to calculate the braking force on different disc dimensions

# AIR APPLIED PNEUMATIC CALIPER BRAKE - CX

## Standard caliper



## Taper lock application

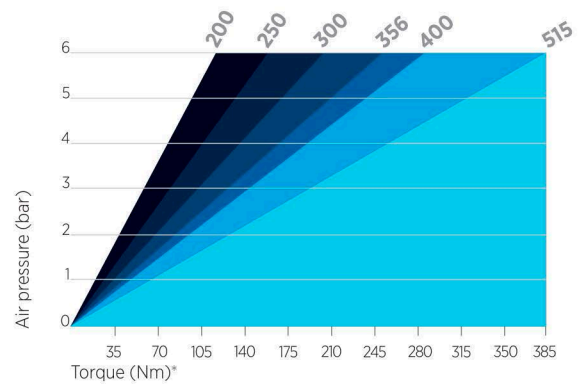


Tangential force at 6 bar (F) **1682 N**

Max pressure 6 bar

Pad center (Mp) 65 mm

Weight (caliper with bracket) 1,2 kg



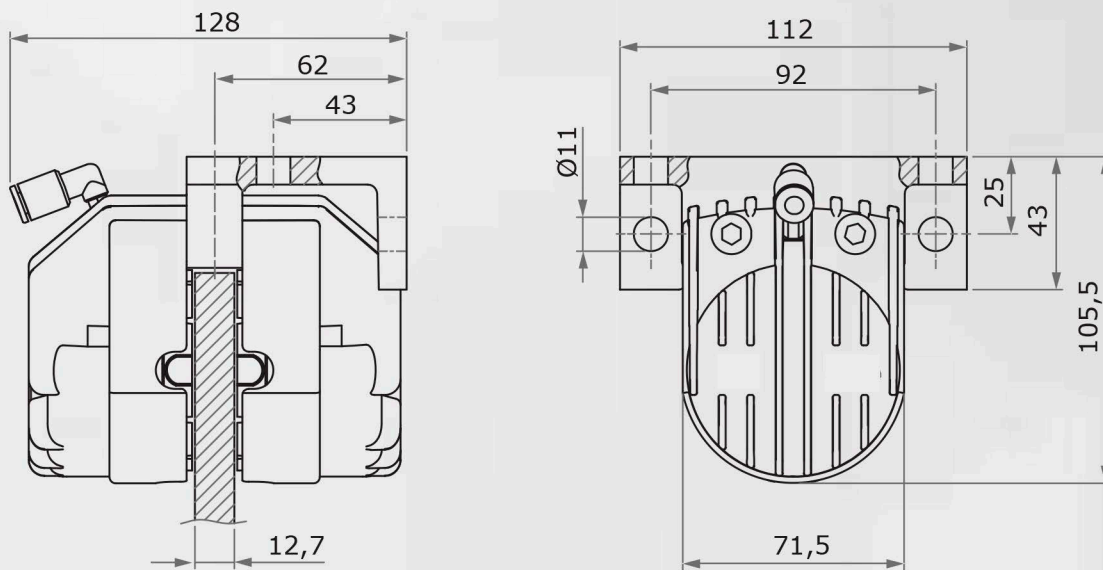
■ Disc diameter (mm)

\*Braking torque during dynamic slipping (Nm)

Warning: consider a torque value of 30% less than the nominal one, in applications such as stop braking or low torque. Torque values are intended at optimum conditions of the pads.

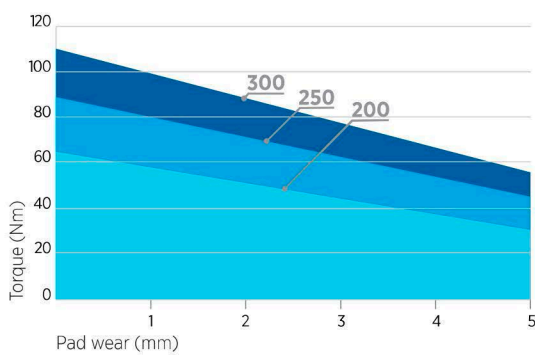
Look at last page to calculate the braking force on different disc dimensions

# SPRING APPLIED PNEUMATIC CALIPER BRAKE - CX

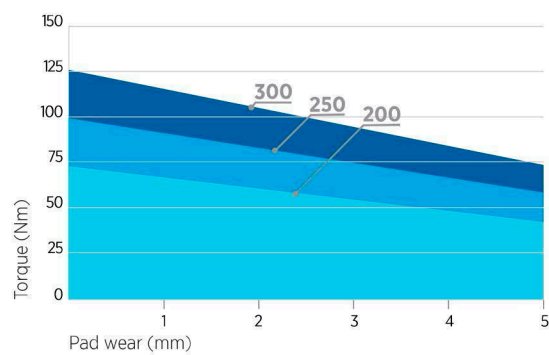


Model	Pad center (Mp)	Weight	Tangential force at 6 bar (F)	Max pressure
<b>CX spring applied 4,5 bar</b>	65 mm	1,2 kg	855 N	4,5 bar
<b>CX spring applied 6 bar</b>	65 mm	1,2 kg	1000 N	6 bar

**CX spring applied 4,5 bar**



**CX spring applied 6 bar**



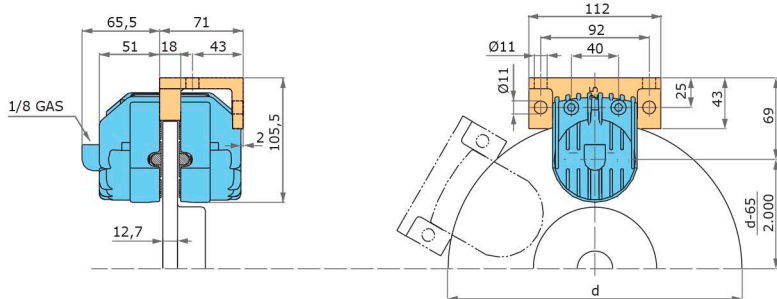
Disc diameter (mm)

Look at last page to calculate the braking force on different disc dimensions

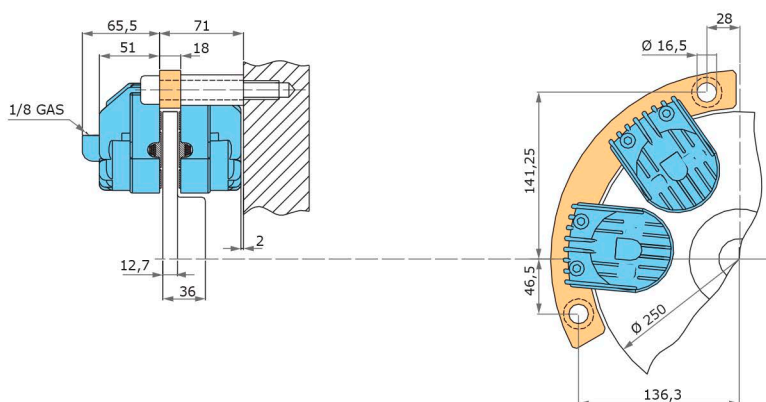
Warning: consider a torque value of 50% less than the nominal one, in applications such as stop braking or low torque.

# MOUNTING SCHEME FOR CX CALIPERS

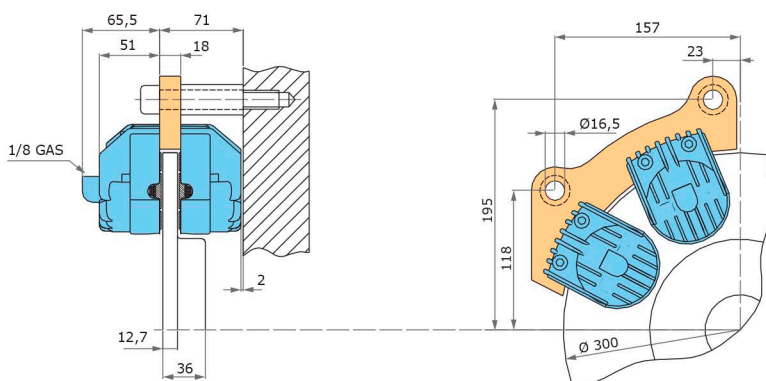
AIR APPLIED / SPRING APPLIED / REDUCED TORQUE



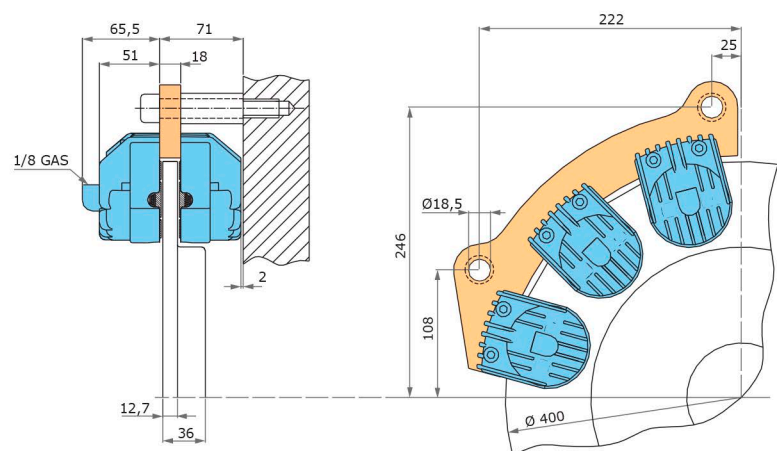
**Single CX caliper**



**Bracket for PX250**



**Bracket for PX300**



**Bracket for PX400**

# DISCS

To calculate the dynamic torque (Cd) of the CX caliper use the following formula:

$$Cd = Rm \cdot F$$

**F** = thrust force of the caliper on the disc's surface including the friction of the pad

$$Rm = \frac{d - Mp}{2000}$$

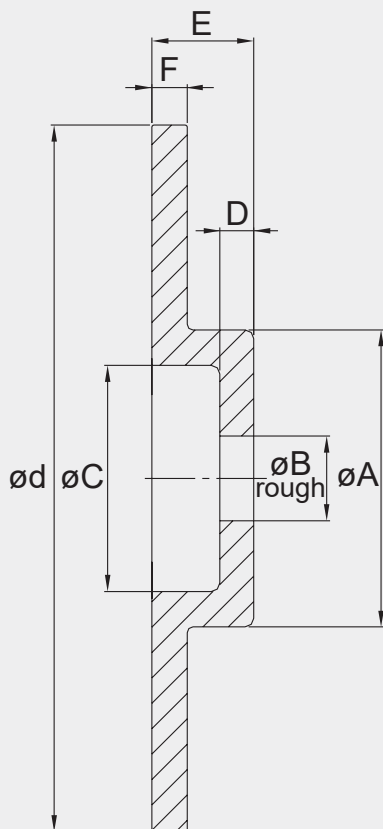
**Rm** = medium radius [m]

**d** = diameter of the discs [mm]

**Mp** = pad center [mm]\*

**Cd** = dynamic torque [Nm]

\* variable dimension related to the selected caliper size (see at the related page)



Model	Dimensions							Inertia Kgm <sup>2</sup>	Weight Kg	Rpm n.
	Ø d	A	B	C	D	E	F			
PX-PZ	250	105	20	80	12	36	12,7	0,04	4	2700
PZ	250	128	20	118	6	36	12,7	0,04	4,1	2700
PX-PZ	300	150	30	130	13	41	12,7	0,09	7	2300
PZ	300	181	30	163	13	41	12,7	0,09	7,4	2300
PX-PZ	356	210	40	173	16	54	12,7	0,2	12	2100
PX-PZ	406	260	44	236	16	54	12,7	0,32	14	1700
PX-PZ	457	311	44	276	16	54	12,7	0,6	20	1500
PX-PZ	514	368	44	340	16	54	12,7	0,7	24	1300
PX-PZ	610	464	44	430	16	54	12,7	1,81	35	1100
PX-PZ	711	565	80	528	16	54	12,7	3,4	55	900